



6. Digital image Processing

Image Handling and File I/O

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<https://pirun.ku.ac.th/~fengwys/ram/ge749/lect/lect6.pdf>

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typedef

```
typedef unsigned char    u_char;  
typedef unsigned short  u_short;  
u_char    pixel;  
u_char    *line_image;  
u_short   *radar_line_image;  
u_short   *rada_pixel;
```

Allocate memory to a line image

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef unsigned char      u_char;
typedef unsigned short    u_short;
#define W 256
u_char  *img1_alloc( int w);
void    img1_free( u_char * img );
main()
{
    u_char      *img;
    u_short     *short_img;
    float       *float_img;
    int         i;

    img = img1_alloc( W );
    for(i=0;i<W;i++)
        img[i] = i;
    img1_free( img );
/*
    short_img = (u_short *)
    img1_alloc( W*sizeof( u_short ) );
    float_img = (float *) img1_alloc( W*sizeof( float ) );
*/
}
```

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Allocate memory to a 1-channel image

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef unsigned char  u_char;
typedef unsigned short u_short;
#define W 256
#define H 256
u_char  **img2_alloc( int w, int h );
void    img2_free( u_char **img, int h );
main()
{
    u_char **img;
    u_short **short_img;
    float **float_img;
    int i, j;

    img = img2_alloc( W, H );
    if( img == NULL ){
        printf("Not enough memory\n"); exit(1);
    }
    for(i=0;i<H;i++){
        for(j=0;j<W;j++){
            img[i][j] = j;
        }
        printf("img = %d\n", i);
        img2_free( img, h );
/*
    short_img = (u_short **) img2_alloc( W*sizeof( u_short ), H );
    float_img = (float **) img2_alloc( W*sizeof( float ), H );
*/
}
```

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Allocate memory to multi channel image

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef unsigned char u_char;
typedef unsigned short u_short;
#define W 256
#define H 256
#define NCHAN 3
u_char ***img_alloc( int w, int h, int nchan );
void img_free( u_char ***img, int h, int nchan );
u_char **img2_alloc( int w, int h );
void img2_free( u_char **img, int h );
main()
{
    u_char***img;
    u_short ***short_img;
    float ***float_img;
    int i, j, ichan;

    img = img_alloc( W, H, NCHAN );
    if( img == NULL ){
        printf("Not enough memory\n"); exit(1);
    }
    for(ichan=0;ichan<NCHAN;ichan++)
        for(i=0;i<H;i++)
            for(j=0;j<W;j++)
                img[ichan][i][j] = j;
    img_free( img, H, NCHAN );
    /* short_img = (u_short **) img_alloc( W*sizeof( u_short ),
    H, NCHAN);
    float_img = (float **) img_alloc( W*sizeof( float ), H,
    NCHAN);
*/
}
```

```
u_char ***img_alloc( int w, int h, int nchan )
{
    u_char***img;
    int ichan,j;

    if( (img = malloc( sizeof( u_char ** ) *
nchan ) ) == NULL ){
        return NULL;
    }
    for(ichan=0;ichan<nchan;ichan++){
        img[ichan] = img2_alloc( w, h );
        if( img[ichan] == NULL ){
            for(j=0;j<ichan;j++)
                img2_free( img[j], h );
            free( img );
            return NULL;
        }
    }
    return img;
}

void img_free( u_char ***img, int h, int nchan )
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<nchan;i++)
        img2_free( img[i], h );
}
```

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FILE I/O

We can open/create files, read /write from/to file through a pointer to FILE.

FILE *fopen(const char *filename, const char *mode);
int fclose(FILE *stream);

Text mode I/O: fprintf, fscanf

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main ( void ) {
    FILE *fp;
    double x = 3.14;

    fp = fopen( "data.txt", "wt" );
    if( fp == NULL ) {
        fprintf(stderr, "file open error for
writing\n");
        return 1;
    }
    fprintf(fp,"lf", x);
    fclose( fp );
}
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main ( void ) {
    FILE *fp;
    double x;

    fp = fopen( "data.txt", "rt" );
    if( fp == NULL ) {
        fprintf(stderr, "file open error for
reading\n");
        return 1;
    }
    fscanf(fp,"lf", &x);
    printf("x = %lf\n", x );
    fclose( fp );
}
```

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FILE I/O -2

Binary FILE I/O

```
size_t fwrite( const void*buffer, size_t size, size_t count,
FILE *stream );
```

```
size_t fread( void *buffer, size_t size, size_t count, FILE
*stream );
```

```
int fseek( FILE *stream, long offset, int origin );
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main ( void ) {
    FILE *fp;
    u_char *line_img;
    .....
    fp = fopen( "test.img", "wb" );
    if( fp == NULL ) {
        fprintf(stderr, "file open error for
writing %s\n");
        return 1;
    }
    fwrite( line_img, w, 1, fp );
    fclose( fp );
}
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main ( void ) {
    FILE *fp;
    u_char *line_img;
    .....
    fp = fopen( "test.img", "rb" );
    if( fp == NULL ) {
        fprintf(stderr, "file open error for
reading %s\n");
        return 1;
    }
    fread( line_img, w, 1, fp );
    fclose( fp );
}
```

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```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<math.h>
```

```
typedef unsigned char    u_char;
typedef unsigned short   u_short;
#define W    256
#define H    256
u_char    **img2_alloc(int w,int h);
void img2_free(u_char**img,int h);
```

```
void main()
{
    u_char **img;
    int i,j;
    FILE *fp;
    char *fname="testing3.txt";

    img=img2_alloc(W,H);
    if(img==NULL){
        printf("Not enough memory\n");
        exit(1);
    }
    for(i=0;i<H;i++)
        for(j=0;j<W;j++)
            //img[i][j]=H-i;

            img[i][j]=W/2+W/2*sin((double)j/W*22.7.);

    fp=fopen(fname,"wb");
    if (fp==NULL){
        printf("Can not open this image file\n");
        exit(0);
    }

    for (i=0;i<H;i++)
        fwrite(img[i],W,1,fp);

    fclose(fp);

    printf("**** write image file name testing.img
complete\n****");
    img2_free(img,H);
```

```
u_char    **img2_alloc(int w,int h)
{
    u_char    **img;
    int i,j;

    if((img=malloc(sizeof(u_char*)*h))==NULL){
        return NULL;
    }
    for(i=0;i<h;i++){
        img[i]=malloc(w);
        if(img[i]==NULL){
            for(j=0;j<i;j++)
                free(img[j]);
            free(img);
            return NULL;
        }
    }
    return img;
}
void img2_free(u_char**img,int h)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<h;i++)
        free(img[i]);
}
```

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image operation 1

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<math.h>
typedef unsigned char u_char;
typedef unsigned short u_short;
#define W 256
#define H 256
#define NCHAN 3
void img_setup( u_char ***img, int w, int h, int nchan );
int image_write( char *fname, u_char ***img, int w, int h,
int nchan);
u_char ***img_alloc( int w, int h, int nchan );
void img_free( u_char ***img, int h, int nchan );
u_char **img2_alloc( int w, int h );
void img2_free( u_char **img, int h );
main()
{
    u_char ***img;

    img = img_alloc( W, H, NCHAN );
    if (img == NULL){
        printf("Not enough memory\n"); exit(1);
    }

    img_setup( img, W, H, NCHAN );
    image_write( "test.img", img, W, H, NCHAN);

    img_free( img, H, NCHAN );
}
```

```
#define PI 3.14159265
void img_setup( u_char ***img, int w, int h, int nchan )
{
    int i, j, ichan;
    for(ichan=0;ichan<nchan;ichan++){
        printf("%d\n",ichan);
        for(i=0;i<h;i++){
            for(j=0;j<w;j++){
                img[ichan][i][j] =
                sin((double)j/(w*(1+ichan*0.5))*2.*PI*(10.0*i/h))*128+128;
            }
        }
        printf("img_setup end\n");
    }
}
int image_write( char *fname, u_char ***img, int w, int h,
int nchan)
{
    FILE *fp;
    int i, ichan;

    if((fp=fopen(fname,"wb")) == NULL){
        fprintf(stderr,"image_write:file open error");
        return 1;
    }
    printf("file open end\n");
    for(ichan=0;ichan<nchan;ichan++){
        for(i=0;i<h;i++){
            fwrite( img[ichan][i], w, 1, fp );
            fclose(fp );
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

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image operation 2

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef unsigned char u_char;
#define W 256
#define H 256
#define NCHAN 3
#define LUT_SIZE 256

void lut_setup( u_char *lut );
void image_conv( u_char ***img, int w, int h, int nchan,
u_char *lut );
int image_read( char *fname, u_char ***img, int w, int h,
int nchan);
/* other prototype declarations here */
main()
{
    u_char ***img;
    u_char lut[LUT_SIZE];

    lut_setup( lut );
    img = img_alloc( W, H, NCHAN );
    if (img == NULL){
        printf("Not enough memory\n"); exit(1);
    }
    image_read( "test.img", img, W, H, NCHAN);
    image_conv( img, W, H, NCHAN, lut );
    image_write( "test2.img", img, W, H, NCHAN);

    img_free( img, H, NCHAN );
}
```

```
void lut_setup( u_char *lut )
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<LUT_SIZE;i++){
        lut[i] = LUT_SIZE-i-1;
    }
}
void image_conv( u_char ***img, int w, int h, int nchan,
u_char *lut )
{
    int i, j, ichan;
    for(ichan=0;ichan<nchan;ichan++){
        for(i=0;i<h;i++){
            for(j=0;j<w;j++){
                img[ichan][i][j] = lut[img[ichan][i][j]];
            }
        }
    }
}
int image_read( char *fname, u_char ***img, int w, int h, int
nchan)
{
    FILE *fp;
    int i, ichan;
    if((fp=fopen(fname,"rb")) == NULL){
        fprintf(stderr,"image_read:file open error");
        return 1;
    }
    printf("image_read: file open end\n");
    for(ichan=0;ichan<nchan;ichan++){
        for(i=0;i<h;i++){
            fread( img[ichan][i], w, 1, fp );
        }
    }
    fclose(fp );
    return 0;
}
```

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Structure

```
struct IMAGE {
    int w, h, nchan;
    unsigned char ***data;
};
struct IMAGE image;
image.w = 1024;
image.h = 1024;
struct IMAGE *imagep;
image = malloc( sizeof( struct IMAGE ) );
image->w = 1024;
image->h = 1024;
```

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typedef 2

```
struct IMAGE_STRUCT{
    int w, h, nchan;
    u_char ***data;
};

typedef struct IMAGE_STRUCT IMAGE;

IMAGE *image;
image = malloc( sizeof ( IMAGE ) );
image->w = 1024;
image->h = 1024;
image->nchan = 3;
image->data = image_alloc(image->w ,
    image->h, image->nchan );
```

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Exercise

- Confirm the output image of “Image Operation 1” using ENVI.
- Make your own color pattern
- Prepare a 1 channel image and apply “Image Operation 2”
- Make a Pseude Color Example

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Reference:

Assoc.Prof.Dr.HONDA Kiyoshi, Lecture Note .RS and GIS Field of study, School of Engineering and Technology ,AIT Thailand.2005

**Thank you for your kind
attention**

